

Analytical Paragraph Writing Practice Test (with Model Answers)

Q1. The effects of technology on education have been profound and multifaceted; influencing both teaching and learning in various ways. The data below shows the rising enrolment in online courses over the years. Analyze the data and write an analytical paragraph, in about 120 words, about how technology has transformed teaching and learning by shifting from classrooms to digital devices. Discuss benefits such as access to information and challenges like digital divide. [CBSE 2025]

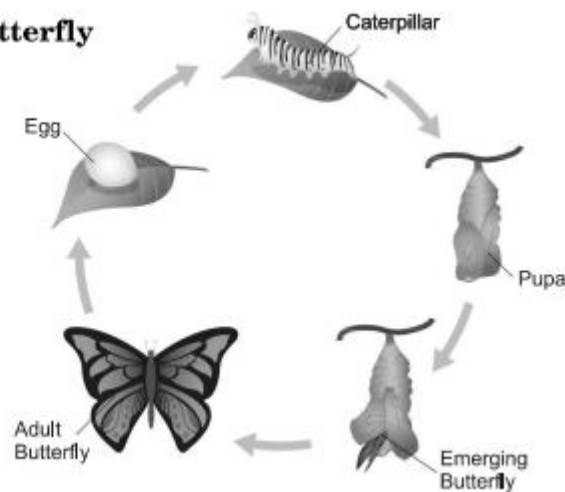
S. No.	Year	Total number of enrolments (in millions)
1.	2017	26
2.	2018	43
3.	2019	59
4.	2020	76
5.	2021	143
6.	2022	189

Q2. Read the given details about the pros and cons of artificial intelligence (AI). With the help of the given cues and your own ideas write an analytical paragraph in about 120 words on "AI-Benefits and drawbacks". [CBSE 2025]

- AI is possessed by machines
- Impacted our lives in many ways
- AI-Google maps
- Knowledge at our fingertips
- Cannot wholly replicate humans
- Increase in cyber crime

Q3. The visual given shows the life cycle of a butterfly. Study the information carefully and then summarise it in the form of an analytical paragraph. Make comparisons and draw conclusions wherever applicable. [CBSE 2024]

Life Cycle of Butterfly



Q4. Study the table given below which shows the data on the hobbies of students during summer vacations. Write an analytical paragraph in about 120 words analyzing what hobbies do boys and girls choose in their summer vacations: [CBSE 2024]

Hobbies	Boys	Girls
Singing	7%	25%
Photography	35%	5%
Playing	30%	16%
Dancing	13%	40%
Yoga	19%	15%

Model Answers

1.

The advent of technology in education is evident from a striking rise in enrolments for online education. Starting from 2017, we see a steady increase in the amount of enrollments in online education. The amount nearly doubles when going from 2017 to 2018 and from 2020 to 2021, and the latter can be explained by the pandemic that went on for 2 years from 2020 to 2022. In the year 2021, the amount of enrollments crossed 100 million and in 2022, it nearly reached 200 million.

Technology has made both teaching and learning easier and effortless. With various softwares and devices, education has become more profound and multifaceted. However, the challenge of digital divide is creating inequality towards accessibility to education which is a fundamental right and should be available to all. Thus, despite the numerous benefits, online education needs a better infrastructure to get stability in India.

2.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has significantly impacted our lives in many ways, particularly by enhancing convenience and efficiency. AI-powered applications, such as Google Maps, have revolutionized navigation, providing real-time updates and directions, making travel more accessible and accurate. However, many incidents of mishaps due to incorrect navigation have also been reported. Additionally, AI has brought knowledge to our fingertips, allowing quick access to vast amounts of information but here also, it fails to provide authentic guidance which can act as a spoilsport.

Moreover, AI is still limited in its capabilities; it cannot wholly replicate human qualities like creativity, emotional understanding, or intuition. To add fuel to the fire, the rise of AI has led to an increase in cybercrimes, as criminals exploit AI systems to launch attacks, such as hacking or data theft. While AI offers immense benefits, its drawbacks must be carefully managed.

3.

A butterfly starts its life cycle as an egg. The hatching of the egg depends on physical conditions, the most influential one being temperature. If it's warm, the hatching process will be quick and efficient. The hatching of the egg gives way to the second stage of the life cycle - the larva. The larva, popularly known as the caterpillar, is the next stage where the creature eats the most in order to grow and shed its skin multiple times to develop into the subsequent stage of the life cycle. The shedding of skin is a process called moulting, and when it eats and grows to an appropriate level, it develops a protective and nutritive cocoon around its body, which is also known as chrysalis or pupa. This is the third stage in the life cycle, in which the caterpillar transforms into a butterfly. After some rest period, the cocoon breaks

to give out the next and final stage in the butterfly's life cycle- an adult butterfly. Unlike the earlier stages, this is the one and only stage where the butterfly has its renowned and beautiful wings.

In one month, the butterfly undergoes complete metamorphosis with four stages, from an egg, to a crawling caterpillar, to a pupa, and then, a butterfly.

4.

The given table displays the data on the hobbies of students that they take up during the summer vacations.

There is a varied trend seen in students in relation to gender. It is seen that singing is the hobby that attracts boys the least whereas a small percentage of girls take up photography. In fact, photography is the one hobby that gets the most enthusiasm from boys but least enthusiasm from girls. The same goes for playing where the percentage of girls opting for it is only 16 percent while 30 percent boys opt for playing. On the neutral side, yoga is the hobby that gets almost the same amount of recognition from both genders - 19 percent from boys and 15 percent from girls. The least preferred hobby for girls is photography while for boys it is singing. In order to ensure a balanced growth, more involvement needs to be patronized in these fields.

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